

GEOLOGY

Unit 1: Mineralogy and Petrology

Introduction to mineralogy and crystallography, Mineral classification and identification Igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary rocks and their formation processes, Petrography and petrology of common rock types

Unit 2: Structural Geology

Principles of structural geology, Stress and strain analysis, Faults, folds, and other structural features, Plate tectonics and its relationship to structural geology

Unit 3: Sedimentology and Stratigraphy

Sedimentary environments and their depositional processes, Sedimentary structures and facies, Stratigraphic principles and correlation, Sequence stratigraphy and its application to understanding earth history

Unit 4: Geophysics and Geodynamics

Principles of geophysics and seismic methods, Heat flow, mantle convection, and plate tectonics, Earthquake seismology and hazard analysis, Gravity, magnetic, and electrical methods for subsurface exploration

Unit 5: Environmental Geology

Principles of environmental geology, Geologic hazards, including earthquakes, landslides, and floods, Groundwater hydrology and contamination, Geologic resources and their management.



ANDHRA UNIVERSITY TRANS-DISCIPLINARY RESEARCH HUB

MODELQUESTIONPAPER

GEOLOGY

Time: 3hrsMaxMarks:100

Answer<u>ALL</u>thequestions.Allcarry equalmarks(5x20=100)

1a) Describe the classification of minerals based on their crystal structure and chemical composition. Give examples of each.

OR

- b) Explain the process of igneous rock formation and identify the different types of igneous rocks.
- 2a) Explain the principle of uniformitarianism and how it applies to structural geology.

OR

- b) Describe the different types of stress and strain in rocks and their effects on rock deformation.
- 3a) Explain the principle of superposition and its application in stratigraphy.

OR

- b) Describe the different depositional environments and the corresponding sedimentary facies.
- 4a) Explain the different types of seismic waves and how they are used to study the Earth's interior.

OR

- b) Describe the process of mantle convection and its role in plate tectonics.
- 5a) Describe the concept of geologic hazards and their impact on human society.

OR

- b)Discuss the different types of landslides and their mechanisms of formation.
- 6.a) Describe the process of metamorphism and how it transforms rocks. Give examples of different types of metamorphic rocks.

OR

- b) Explain the process of sedimentary rock formation and identify the different types of sedimentary rocks.
- 7.a) Identify the different types of folds and faults and describe their geometry and mechanisms of formation.

OR

- b) Explain the concept of plate tectonics and its influence on the structural geology of the Earth's
- 8. a) Discuss the different types of sedimentary structures and their significance in interpreting depositional environments.